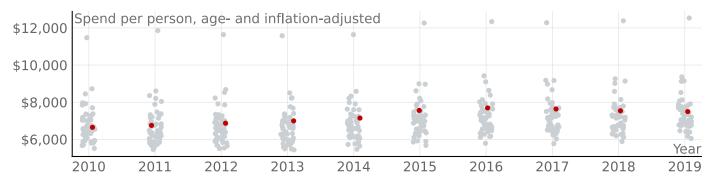


Health Care Spending in North Dakota

The Disease Expenditure Study measures health care spending in the US, including in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and in 3,110 counties from 2010 through 2019. It is the most comprehensive study on US health spending, tracking 148 health conditions, 4 payers (Medicare, Medicaid, private insurance, and out-of-pocket payments) and 7 types of care. Researchers used data from more than 40 billion insurance claims and nearly 1 billion facility records in this study as well as data from surveys. 77% of all US health care spending was captured in this study.

In 2019, North Dakota spent \$5.8B on health care and ranked 17th in health care spending per person nationwide.1

Health spending in North Dakota compared to other US states (adjusted for age, population size and inflation)



 1 Based on age-standardized rates among all 50 states and the District of Columbia, ranked from highest to lowest in 2019.

Patterns of health spending in North Dakota differ markedly from the leading health problems in the state.

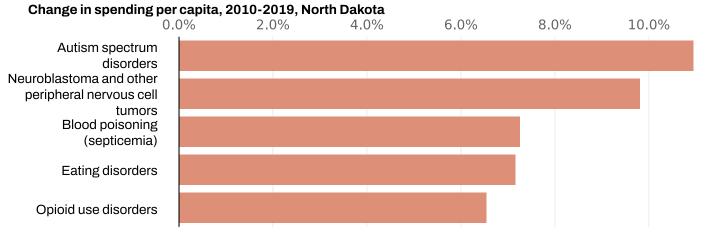
Leading causes of poor health and early death, 2019 ranking, North Dakota²

1	lschemic heart disease	\$0.0	0B	\$0.1B	\$0.2B	\$0.3B
2	Joint disorders, osteoporosis, and other musculoskeletal disorders	Type 2 diabetes Joint disorders, osteoporosis, and other musculoskeletal disorders Oral disorders (cavities, orthodontia, etc.) Ischemic heart disease				
3	Low back pain					
4	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease					
5	Alzheimer's disease and other dementias	Osteoarthritis				
6	Stroke	Alzheimer's disease and other dementias				
7	Lung cancer	Skin and subcutaneous				
8	Self-harm, including suicide	diseases				
9	Falls	Heart failure				
10	Chronic kidney disease	Urinary diseases				
all ages, a	n disability-adjusted life years per 100,000 people, Il sexes. Cause list differs from Global Burden of tudy due to methodological differences.	Low back pain				

Leading causes of health spending in North Dakota, 2019 ranking, billions \$US

²B all age Disease study due to methodological differences.

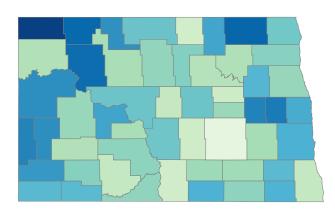
Spending in most areas has grown over time in North Dakota³



 3 Percent annual growth rate of spend per capita. Bars show causes of spending with highest annual growth rate between 2010 and 2019

Total health spending in 2019 (adjusted for age and population) differs across North Dakota counties

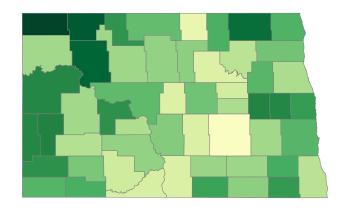




Spending per person, adjusted for age, is highest in Divide County, and lowest in Stutsman County.

Out-of-pocket payments in 2019 (adjusted for age and population) were highest in Divide County and Burke County





Paying out of pocket for health care can push people into poverty.

About IHME

The Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation is an independent research organization at the University of Washington. Its mission is to deliver to the world timely, relevant, and scientifically valid evidence to improve health policy and practice. IHME carries out its mission through a range of projects within different research areas including the Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors (GBD); Future Health Scenarios; Cost Effectiveness and Efficiency; Resource Tracking; and Impact Evaluations.

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